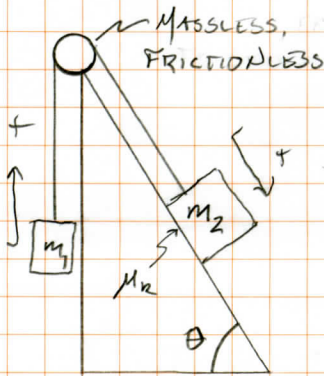


TM 5 Pr. 2.32

TM 5 2-32 FIND THE ANGLE THAT ALLOWS THE BLOCKS TO MOVE AT CONSTANT SPEED FOR FRICTION COEFFICIENT μ_k .



$$m_1: \sum F_{\text{VERT}} = m_1 a_{\text{VERT}}^0$$

$$T - m_1 g = 0 \Rightarrow T = m_1 g = m_2 g$$

$$m_2: \sum F_{\perp} = m_2 a_{\perp}^0$$

$$N - m_2 g \cos \theta = 0 \Rightarrow N = m_2 g \cos \theta = 2 m g \cos \theta$$

$$\sum F_{\parallel} = m_2 a_{\parallel}^0$$

$$m_2 g \sin \theta - T - f = 0$$

$$2 m g \sin \theta - m g - 2 \mu_k m g \cos \theta = 0$$

$$2 \mu_k \cos \theta = 2 \sin \theta - 1$$

$$4 \mu_k^2 \cos^2 \theta = 4 \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin \theta + 1$$

$$4 \mu_k^2 - 4 \mu_k^2 \sin^2 \theta = 4 \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin \theta + 1$$

$$(4 + 4 \mu_k^2) \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin \theta + (1 - 4 \mu_k^2) = 0$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 16(1 + \mu_k^2)(1 - 4 \mu_k^2)}}{8(1 - \mu_k^2)} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - (1 + \mu_k^2)(1 - 4 \mu_k^2)}}{2(1 - \mu_k^2)}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - (1 - 4 \mu_k^2 + \mu_k^2 - 4 \mu_k^4)}}{2(1 - \mu_k^2)} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 1 + 4 \mu_k^2 - \mu_k^2 + 4 \mu_k^4}}{2(1 - \mu_k^2)}$$

$$\boxed{\sin \theta = \frac{1 \pm \mu_k \sqrt{3 + 4 \mu_k^4}}{2(1 - \mu_k^2)}} \quad \underline{\text{QED!}}$$